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EAST KESTEVEN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR  
1962 and 1963.



E. I. BLENKINSOP, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.,  
Medical Officer of Health.



STAFF OF HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health

EDWIN I. BLENKINSOP.

Chief Public Health Inspector.

JOHN A. F. SAVILLE.

Additional Public Health Inspectors.

CLIFFORD RHODES.

JACK FOSTER. (Resigned 31-8-63).

JOHN WOOD. (Appointed 2-12-63).

Clerk/Typist.

MISS GILLIAN PATTISON.

Clerk.

MISS STELLA BUTLER.

Rodent Operators.

G. A. ROWLAND.

W. J. BULL.



Members of the Health and Housing Committee.

1962 - 63.

Chairman:-

A.W. Ladbroke.

Vice-Chairman:-

Dr. T.K. Brandroth.

Members:-

Bangay, Mrs. M.

Barker, H.

Blount, E.

Chandler, A.B.

Curtis, T.

Gittins, Mrs. A.

Hatcliff, Mrs. E.G.

Horton, Dr. D.

Lamyman, S.F.

Loggato, A.

Moor, A.

Muhl, T.G.

Robertson, E.A.

Robson, Mrs. N.

Smith, Mrs. K.M.

Snowdon, W.J.

Tomlinson, W.

Ex - Officio:-

Brooks, Miss M.E.

Christian, Mrs. E.M., J.P.

Couling, R., J.P.

Davies, R.O.

Clerk of the Council - A.P. Hazelton, Esq.

Chairman of the Council - Robert Couling, Esq., J.P.

Members of the Health and Housing Committee.

1963 - 64.

Chairman:-

A.W. Ladbroke.

Vice-Chairman:-

Dr. T.K. Brandreth.

Members:-

Bangay, Mrs. M.

Barker, H.

Birkett, H.J.

Blount, E.

Brighton, J.H., J.P.

Couling, R., J.P.

Curtis, T.

Hall, T.H.

Hatcliffe, Mrs. E.G.

Jones, A.L.

Lamyman, S.F.

Loggate, A.

Moor, A.

Muhl, T.G.

Robertson, E.A.

Robson, Mrs. N.

Smith, Mrs. K.M.

Snowden, W.J.

Tomlinson, W.

Ex - Officio:-

Brooks, Miss H.E.

Christian, Mrs. E.M., J.P.

Clerk of the Council - A.P. Hazelton, Esq.

Chairman of the Council - Mrs. E.M. Christian, J.P.

LIST OF COUNCILLORS AND PARISHES REPRESENTED.

1962/1963.

ANWICK  
ASGARBY AND HOWELL.  
ASHBY AND BLOXHOLME.  
ASWARBY AND SWARBY.  
AUNSBY AND DEMBLEBY.  
BILLINGHAY.

BLANKNEY.  
BRAUNCEWELL.  
BURTON PEDWARDINE.  
CRANWELL AND BYARD'S LEAP.  
CULVERTHORPE AND KELBY.  
DIGBY.  
DOGDYKE.  
DORRINGTON.  
EWERBY AND EVEDON.  
GREAT HALE.  
HECKINGTON.

HELPRINGHAM.

KIRKBY LA THORPE.  
LEASINGHAM.  
LITTLE HALE.  
MARTIN.

NEWTON AND HACEBY AND  
WALCOT "F".

NORTH KYME.  
NORTH RAUCEBY.  
OSBOURNBY.  
ROWSTON.  
ROXHOLME.  
RUSKINGTON.

SCOPWICK.  
SCREDINGTON.  
SILK WILLOUGHBY.  
SOUTH KYME.  
SOUTH RAUCEBY.  
SWATON.  
TEMPLE BRUER, ETC.  
THREEKINGHAM.  
TIMBERLAND.  
WALCOT "B".  
WILSFORD.

Lamyman, F.  
Sardeson, G.  
Clarke, Rev. C.  
Barker, H.  
Fairchild, T.  
Couling, R.  
Horton, Dr. D.  
Tomlinson, B.  
Curtis, T.  
Sergeant, J.W.H.  
Key, E.M.  
Bangay, Mrs. M.  
Ticklor, H.M.  
Snowdon, W.J.  
Lamyman, S.F.  
Dixon, J.W.  
Fulforth, W.  
Gittins, Mrs. A.  
Brandroth, Dr. T.K.  
Hatchliffe, Mrs. E.G.  
Muhl, T.G.  
Ladbroke, A.W.  
Widdowson, W.L.A.  
Smith, T.R.  
Chandler, A.B.  
Severs, J.E.  
Loggato, A.  
Wright, G.C.  
  
Knight, J.E.P.  
Harrod, J.T.  
Brighton, J.H.  
Robson, Mrs. N.  
Moor, A.  
Robertson, E.A.  
Hall, T.W.F.  
Marshall, J.O.  
Tomlinson, W.  
Baumber, A.  
Bell, C.R.T.  
Blount, E.  
Wood, S.T.  
Christian, Mrs. E.M., J.P.  
Smith, C.H.  
Davies, R.O.  
Smith, Mrs. K.M.  
Croasoy, J.T.  
Grantham, G.S.  
Brooks, Miss M.E.

LIST OF COUNCILLORS AND PARISHES REPRESENTED.

1963/1964.

ANWICK.	Lamyman, F.
ASGARBY AND HOWELL.	Sardeson, G.
ASHBY AND BLOXHOLME.	Clarke, Rev. C.
ASWARBY AND SWARBY.	Barker, H.
AUNSBY AND DEMBLEBY.	Fairchild, T.
BILLINGHAY	Birkett, H.J.
	Couling R., J.P.
	Maplethorpe, C.
BLANKNEY.	Curtis, T.
BRAUNCEWELL.	Willis, L.W.G.
BURTON PEDWARDINE.	Key, E.M.
CRANWELL AND BYARD'S LEAP.	Bangay, Mrs. M.
CULVERTHORPE AND KELBY.	Tickler, H.M.
DIGBY.	Snowden, W.J.
DOGDYKE.	Lamyman, S.F.
DORRINGTON.	Dixon, J.W.
EWERBY AND EVEDON.	Fulforth, W.
GREAT HALE.	Hall, T.H.
HECKINGTON.	Brandreth, Dr. T.K.
	Hatchcliffe, Mrs. E.G.
	Muhl, T.G.
HELPRINGHAM.	Ladbroke, A.W.
	Widdowson, W.L.A.
KIRKBY LA THORPE.	Godson, K.T.
LEA SINGHAM.	Jones, A.L.
LITTLE HALE.	Severs, J.E.
MARTIN.	Loggate, A.
	Wright, G.C.
NEWTON AND HACEBY AND WALCOT "F".	Knight, J.E.P.
NORTH KYME.	Harrod, J.T.
NORTH RAUCEBY.	Brighton, J.H., J.P.
OSBOURNBY.	Robson, Mrs. N.
ROWSTON.	Moor, A.
ROXHOLME.	Robertson, E.A.
RUSKINGTON.	Hall, T.W.F.
	Marshall, J.O.
	Tomlinson, W.
SCOPWICK.	Baumber, A.
SCREDINGTON.	Bell, C.R.T.
SILK WILLOUGHBY.	Blount, E.
SOUTH KYME.	Wood, S.T.
SOUTH RAUCEBY.	Christian, Mrs. E.M., J.P.
SWATON.	Smith, C.H.
TEMPLE BRUER, ETC.	Davies, R.O.
THREEKINGHAM.	Smith, Mrs. K.M.
TIMBERLAND.	Creasey, J.T.
WALCOT "B".	Grantham, G.S.
WILSFORD.	Brooks, Miss M.E.



EAST KESTEVEN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF  
HEALTH AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR FOR 1962 and 1963.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

As your Medical Officer of Health, I beg to lay before you my report on the Vital Statistics, Health and Sanitary Conditions of your District for the years 1962 and 1963.

Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area.

	<u>1962.</u>	<u>1963.</u>
Area (acres).	123,406	123,606
Population	21,020	21,010
Dwelling houses (including houses with shops).	5,835	5,905
Commercial Properties.	473	496
Licensed Premises.	47	46
Entertainment and Recreational.	55	58
Public Utility.	44	46
Educational and Cultural.	17	40
Industrial.	17	14
Miscellaneous.	126	122
Total number of hereditaments.	6,614	6,727
Rateable Value of District.	£195,792	£388,659.
Penny Rate Product (estm'd).	£827-18-8d.	£1,915.7.1d.

Council Tenancies.

Permanent houses and bungalows.	1,561	1,622
Aluminium and prefabricated bungalows.	60	40

Considerable progress has been made with exchanges and transfers to make the best use of the housing accommodation available.

The following industries and occupations exist in the district:-

Agriculture with associated businesses such as agricultural implement merchants and potato and vegetable merchants, crop drying, a large poultry dressing and packing station, food manufacture and a large firm of builders and contractors. The Royal Air Force College at Cranwell provides considerable employment for civilians in the area particularly as major extensions have been taking place during the year.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Extract from Vital Statistics for the year, 1962.

Birth and Death Rates.

As the age and sex distribution of the population in different areas materially affects both the Birth and Death Rates of these areas, comparability factors allowing for this are issued by the Registrar General for each local government unit. These factors are used in calculating what are termed as "nett rates" and fairer comparisons are obtained if the latter are used when comparing rates with those of any other area (when these have been similarly adjusted) or with rates for the country as a whole.

These factors for Births and Deaths in respect of East Kesteven Rural District are 1.13 and 1.27 respectively. The corresponding figures when multiplied by the Crude Rate (that is, for Births and Deaths as the case may be) will give the nett rate.

1962.

	M.	F.	Total.
<u>Live Births.</u>	180	174	354
Legitimate.	177	168	345
Illegitimate.	3	6	9
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.		16.84	
Nett live birth rate per 1,000 population.		19.02	
Rate for England and Wales.		18.00	
Illegitimate live births (per cent of total births).		2.54	
<u>Stillbirths.</u>	6	2	8
Legitimate.	6	2	8
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births.		22.1	
Rate for England and Wales.		18.1	
Total live and still births.		362	
<u>Deaths.</u>	102	90	192
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.		9.13	
Nett death rate per 1,000 population.		11.59	
Rate for England and Wales.		11.3	
<u>Infant Mortality.</u>			
Deaths of infants under 1 year of age.	5	6	11
Legitimate.	4	6	10
Illegitimate.	1	-	1
Infant Mortality rate per 1,000 live births.		31.07	
Rate for England and Wales.		21.4	
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births.		28.9	
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births.		111.11	
<u>Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age.</u>	3	4	7
Legitimate.	3	4	7
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Neonatal deaths (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births).		19.77	
<u>Deaths of Infants under 1 week of age.</u>	2	4	6
Legitimate.	2	4	6
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Early neonatal mortality rate (deaths under one week per 1,000 total live births).		16.94	
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths).		38.67	
<u>Maternal Mortality (including abortion.)</u>			
Number of deaths.	-	-	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births.		0.00	
Maternal Mortality Rate England and Wales.		0.35	

The birth rate at 19.02 per 1,000 of the population is slightly higher than that for England and Wales as a whole at 18.00 which is the highest since 1948. The high birth rate is possibly associated with the many young families of R.A.F. personnel stationed in the area.

The death rate at 11.59 compares favourably with the figure for England and Wales at 11.3.

The infant mortality rate for England and Wales was 21.4 similar to last year which was the lowest ever recorded in this country and has shown a steady decline for the past eight years. The rate for East Kesteven was 31.07 but it must be remembered that with small population figures a small variation in the number of infant deaths can make a big difference to the infant mortality rate.

The natural increase in the population of the area, that is the excess of live births over deaths was.

# CAUSES OF DEATH, 1962.

	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
1. Tuberculosis, Respiratory.	1	-	1
2. Tuberculosis, other.	-	-	-
3. Syphilitis disease.	-	1	1
4. Diphtheria.	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough.	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infections.	1	-	1
7. Acute poliomyelitis.	-	-	-
8. Measles.	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases.	-	1	1
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach.	4	1	5
11. Malignant neoplasm lung, bronchus.	6	2	8
12. Malignant neoplasm breast.	-	2	2
13. Malignant neoplasm uterus.	-	1	1
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms.	11	7	18
15. Leukaemia, leukaemia.	-	-	-
16. Diabetes.	1	-	1
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system.	17	16	33
18. Coronary disease angina.	16	10	26
19. Hypertension with heart disease.	1	4	5
20. Other heart disease.	12	14	26
21. Other circulatory disease.	4	5	9
22. Influenza.	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia.	5	6	11
24. Bronchitis.	3	3	6
25. Other disease of respiratory system.	1	-	1
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum.	1	2	3
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea.	-	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis.	-	-	-
29. Hyperplasia of prostate.	-	-	-
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion.	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations.	3	-	3
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases.	11	12	23
33. Motor vehicle accidents.	2	-	2
34. All other accidents.	1	3	4
35. Suicide.	1	-	1
36. Homicide and operations of war.	-	-	-
<u>TOTALS (all causes).</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>192</u>

Vascular lesions of the nervous system represented the principal cause of death accounting for 33 of the total deaths. Coronary disease and angina accounted for 26 of the total deaths. Cancer, all forms accounted for 34 of the total deaths. Other heart disease, accounted for 26 of the total deaths. There were 2 deaths due to motor vehicle accidents and 4 deaths due to all other accidents. There was one death due to suicide.

## GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

### Nursing in the Home.

Under the County Council Scheme, District Nurses/Midwives/Health Visitors are stationed at villages throughout the area.

They are stationed at:-

#### (a) District Nurse/Midwives.

BILLINGHAY.

Mrs. M. Covell.

44, Walcot Road, Billingham.  
Billinghay 387.



RUSKINGTON. Miss D. Isaac. 1, Queensway, Ruskington.  
Ruskington 245.

(b) District Nurse/Midwife/Health Visitors.

BLANKNEY. Miss C. Turner. Jubilee House, Motheringham.  
Motheringham 231.

HECKINGTON. Miss M.M. Hill. 20, Burton Road, Hockington.  
Hockington 377.

HELPRINGHAM. Miss G.M. Moore. The Green, Holpringham.  
Swaton 255.

MARTIN. Mrs. M.O. Matthew. 16, East View, Walcot.  
Billinghay 326.

OSBOURNBY. Miss I. Stubley. North Street, Osbournby.  
Culverthorpe 263.

RAUCEBY. Mrs. I. Lusby. Woodland Cottage, South  
Rauceby. South Rauceby 221.

SCOPWICK. Mrs. I.G. Wray. North Street, Digby.  
Motheringham 224.

Health Visitors.

The health visitor provides a medico-social service to the family and in particular to mothers and infants, the aged, the tuberculosis patient and the problem family.

Immunization and Vaccination.

Diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus immunization is provided free of charge by the general practitioners in the area, as is small-pox vaccination and poliomyelitis immunization.

Ambulance Service.

Ambulances serving the area are based at Sleaford and also considerable use is made of the Holland County Council Ambulance Service.

School Clinic.

This is held every Monday morning at the Riversdale School Clinic, Westgate, Sleaford, between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 12 noon.

Mothercraft and Relaxation Classes.

These are held at Sleaford on one afternoon a week and are conducted by a health visitor and the expectant mothers are asked to attend for a total of 8 sessions. Each session consists of a period of relaxation and exercises, which at Sleaford are given by the physiotherapist followed by a short talk and then an open discussion.

Hospital Services.

All the usual hospital services are provided by the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board at the Lincoln County and St. George's Hospital, Lincoln. General hospital services are also available at Grantham and Boston. Also close at hand are St. John's Hospital, Braccobridge Heath, and Rauceby Hospital both of which specialize in the treatment of mental illness and Harmston Hall Hospital at Harmston which specializes in cases of mental sub-normality. There is also a hospital at Branston for the treatment of tuberculosis. Nocton Hall R.A.F. Hospital caters for R.A.F. personnel living in the area and also their families.

## Public Health Laboratory Service.

Bacteriological investigations are carried out by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Lincoln County Hospital under the supervision of Dr. Croll. The service includes the examination of milk and water supplies as well as general bacteriological examinations for the general practitioners and the Public Health Departments. I should like to thank Dr. Croll for his help and advice.

## Venereal Disease Clinic.

A special clinic for the diagnosis and treatment of venereal diseases is held twice a week at the Lincoln County Hospital.

## Infant Welfare Clinics.

These are scattered throughout the principal villages in the area and are as follows:-

CENTRE.	ADDRESS OF CENTRE.	DAYS OF OPENING.
BILLINGHAY.	Church Hall, Billinghay.	2nd and 4th Wednesday.
CRANWELL.	R.A.F. Station, Cranwell.	1st and 3rd Thursday.
HECKINGTON.	Village Hall, Hockington.	3rd Thursday.
HELPRINGHAM.	Memorial Hall, Helpringham.	1st Friday.
LEASINGHAM.	Village Hall, Leasingham.	3rd Tuesday.
MARTIN.	Dr. R.E. Riley's Surgery, Martin.	3rd Wednesday.
OSBOURNBY.	Village Hall, Osbournby.	Last Thursday.
SOUTH KYME.	Village Hall, South Kyme.	4th Tuesday.

## INFECTIOUS DISEASES, 1962.

### Smallpox.

No cases of this disease were notified during the year.

### Typhoid Fever.

No cases notified during the year.

### Paratyphoid Fever.

No cases notified during the year.

### Scarlet Fever.

Four cases were notified during the year.

### Diphtheria.

No cases notified, but cases occur in the country from time to time and it is essential that a high level of immunization be maintained in order to prevent the possibility of an outbreak.

Measles.

Twenty-nine cases were notified during the year.

Whooping Cough.

No cases notified during the year.

Acute Pneumonia.

Six cases of acute primary pneumonia were notified during the year.

Erysipelas.

Three cases were notified during the year.

Acute Poliomyelitis.

No cases notified during the year. Now that there are plentiful supplies of oral poliomyelitis vaccine there is no excuse whatever why all children should not obtain protection against poliomyelitis. It is only by large numbers of persons being vaccinated that an immune community is built up, reducing the chances of an outbreak occurring.

Meningococcal Infection.

One case was notified during the year.

Food Poisoning.

Six cases were notified during the year.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

No cases notified during the year.

Puerperal Pyrexia.

No cases notified during the year.

Dysentery.

Eleven cases were notified during the year.

Acute Encephalitis.

No cases notified during the year.

Tuberculosis.

Seven cases of tuberculosis were notified during the year.

Weil's Disease.

Although this disease is not notifiable to the Public Health Authority, much preventative work can be done by the Local Authorities as they are now responsible for carrying out rodent control.

One such case, which terminated fatally did occur towards the latter end of the year.

The following table shows the incidence of infectious diseases occurring during the year.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES 1962.

Age	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Acute Pneumonia	Dysentery	Measles	Food Poisoning	Meningococcal Infection	Tuberculosis	Total
Under 1 year	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	3
1 - 2	-	-	-	5	4	1	1	-	11
3 - 4	-	1	-	-	8	1	-	-	10
5 - 9	-	-	1	1	6	-	-	-	8
9 - 15	-	3	-	1	8	-	-	-	12
15 - 20	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2
20 - 35	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3
35 - 45	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
45 - 65	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	7
65 and over	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	3	6
Age unknown	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	3
Total	3	4	6	11	29	6	1	7	67

Section 47, National Assistance Act, 1947.

No action was taken under this Act during the year.

Common Lodging Houses.

There are no common lodging houses in the area.

Swimming Baths.

There are no public swimming baths in the area.

In conclusion I should like to thank the Chairman and Members of the Council, the other officers and the staff of the Health Department, for their help during the year.

I remain,  
Your obedient servant,

E. I. BLINKINSOP.

Medical Officer of Health.



# VITAL STATISTICS 1963.

	M.	F.	Total.
<u>Live Births.</u>	188	211	399
Legitimate.	182	197	379
Illegitimate.	6	14	20
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.		18.99	
Nett live birth rate per 1,000 population.		19.75	
Rate for England and Wales.		18.02	
Illegitimate live births (per cent of total births).		5.01	
<u>Stillbirths.</u>	2	4	6
Legitimate.	2	4	6
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births.		14.81	
Rate for England and Wales.		17.3	
Total live and still births.		405	
<u>Deaths.</u>	101	103	204
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.		9.71	
Nett death rate per 1,000 population.		11.25	
Rate for England and Wales.		12.2	
<u>Infant Mortality.</u>			
Deaths of infants under 1 year of age.	3	3	6
Legitimate.	3	3	6
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Infant Mortality rate per 1,000 live births.		15.04	
Rate for England and Wales.		20.9	
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births.		15.8	
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births.		0.00	
<u>Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age.</u>	2	2	4
Legitimate.	2	2	4
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Neonatal deaths (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births).		10.25	
<u>Deaths of Infants under 1 week of age.</u>	2	2	4
Legitimate.	2	2	4
Illegitimate.	-	-	-
Early neonatal mortality rate (deaths under one week per 1,000 total live births).		10.02	
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths).		24.69.	
<u>Maternal Mortality (including abortion).</u>			
Number of deaths.	-	-	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births.		0.00	
Maternal Mortality Rate England and Wales.		0.28	

The birth rate at 19.75 per 1,000 of the population is slightly higher than that for England and Wales as a whole at 18.02 which is the highest since 1948. The high birth rate is possibly associated with the many young families of R.A.F. personnel stationed in the area.

The death rate at 11.25 compares favourably with the figure for England and Wales at 12.2.

The infant mortality rate for England and Wales was 20.9 and showed a further decline for such deaths which has happily continued for the past nine years. The Rate for East Kesteven was 15.04.

The natural increase in the population of the area, that is the excess of live births over deaths was.

1963 - 195.

Comparability Factors:-

Births - 1.04.

Deaths - 1.16.

CAUSES OF DEATH, 1963.

	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory.	2	-	2
2. Tuberculosis, other.	-	-	-
3. Syphilitis disease.	1	-	1
4. Diphtheria.	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough.	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infections.	-	-	-
7. Acute poliomyelitis.	-	-	-
8. Measles.	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases.	1	1	2
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach.	5	1	6
11. Malignant neoplasm lung, bronchus.	3	3	6
12. Malignant neoplasm breast.	-	4	4
13. Malignant neoplasm uterus.	-	2	2
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms.	5	6	11
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia.	1	-	1
16. Diabetes.	-	1	1
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system.	11	12	23
18. Coronary disease angina.	29	14	43
19. Hypertension with heart disease.	1	4	5
20. Other heart disease.	9	11	20
21. Other circulatory disease.	2	10	12
22. Influenza.	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia.	5	7	12
24. Bronchitis.	2	4	6
25. Other disease of respiratory system.	1	2	3
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum.	1	1	2
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea.	-	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis.	1	-	1
29. Hyperplasia of prostate.	4	-	4
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion.	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations.	1	1	2
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases.	8	15	23
33. Motor vehicle accidents.	4	-	4
34. All other accidents.	4	4	8
35. Suicide.	-	-	-
36. Homicide and operations of war.	-	-	-
Total (all causes).	101	103	204

Coronary disease and angina represented the principal cause of death accounting for 43 of the total deaths. Vascular lesions of the central nervous system, i.e. strokes accounted for 23 of the total deaths. Cancer, all forms accounted for 29 of the total deaths. Other heart disease, caused 20 of the total deaths. There were 4 deaths due to motor vehicle accidents and 8 deaths due to all other accidents. There were no deaths due to suicide, neither were there any deaths due to notifiable infectious diseases.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES 1963.

Age	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Dysentery	Measles	Acute Pneumonia	Whooping Cough	Tuberculosis	Total
Under 1 year.	-	-	-	9	-	1	-	10
1 - 2	-	-	5	59	1	1	-	66
3 - 4	-	1	7	68	1	-	-	77
5 - 9	-	-	21	186	2	-	-	209
9 - 15	-	1	11	62	-	1	-	75
15 - 20	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	4
20 - 35	-	-	4	1	-	-	2	7
35 - 45	-	-	4	1	2	-	1	8
45 - 65	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	4
65 and over.	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Age unknown.	-	-	1	6	1	-	-	8
Total.	1	2	56	395	8	3	5	470

### Food Hygiene.

During 1962 and 1963 all food premises in the area were inspected, each on several occasions and a large number of structural improvements were carried out. The inspection of all licensed houses twice yearly and a report to the Licensing Justices effectively controls these premises and improvements are carried out more expeditiously when the persons in control realise that the said Justices have been informed of any shortcomings.

There are two large food producing factories in the area to which special attention is given and the co-operation of the managements in hygienic practises is appreciated. Considerable publicity was distributed and several film shows and lectures given by the Health Inspectors.

### Meat Inspection.

There are only two small private licensed slaughterhouses in the district and 100% meat inspection has been effected since decontrol in 1954.

Meat condemned and voluntarily surrendered:-

1962.	11 cwts.	1 qr.	11 lbs.
1963.	7 cwts.	1 qr.	14 lbs.

### Disposal of condemned meat.

Taken to Knacker's Yards outside the Council's area for processing into pet food and fertilisers.

In addition the following foodstuffs were condemned and voluntarily surrendered.

1962.	1,125 lbs. Bacon (imported).
	3 Cwts. Apple Puree.
1963.	161 lbs. Boneless flank beef.
	3,198 lbs. Bacon (imported.)
	25 lbs. Apricot pulp.

CARCASSES OR OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART - 1962.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed.	168	-	-	301	396	-
Number inspected.	168	-	-	301	396	-
<u>All diseases except tuberculosis and cysticerci.</u> Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	1	1	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	56	-	-	1	44	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci.	33.33	-	-	0.66	12.78	-
<u>Tuberculosis only:-</u> Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	1	-	-	-	11	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis.	0.59	-	-	-	3.12	-
<u>Cysticercosis:-</u> Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	3	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted for treatment by refrigeration.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with cysticercus bovis.	1.78	-	-	-	-	-



CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART - 1963.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed.	180	1	-	369	308	-
Number inspected.	180	1	-	369	308	-
<u>All diseases except tuberculosis and cysticercus bovis</u> Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-	1	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	39	1	-	8	30	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticercus bovis.	21.67	100	-	2.17	10.06	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u> Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	-	-	-	-	4	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis.	-	-	-	-	1.29	-
<u>Cysticercus Bovis</u> Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	5	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted for treatment by refrigeration.	2	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with cysticercus bovis.	2.78	-	-	-	-	-

## INSPECTION OF PREMISES - 1962 and 1963.

PARISHES.	Food Premises.	Included in food premises.		Shops other than food shops.	Offices.	Factories etc.
		Sec. 16.	Licensed.			
Anwick.	3	1	1	1	-	6
Asgarby & Howell.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ashby & Bloxholm.	7	1	1	-	-	-
Aswarby & Swarby.	2	-	-	-	-	-
Aunsby & Dumbleby.	2	-	1	-	-	1
Billinghay.	31	13	4	13	5	19
Blankney.	4	-	1	-	1	2
Brauncewell.	-	-	-	-	-	1
Burton Pedwardine.	2	-	-	-	-	-
Cranwell & Byard's Leap.	5	1	1	1	1	4
Culverthorpe & Kelby.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Digby.	6	2	2	1	-	3
Dogdyke.	8	2	2	-	-	4
Dorrington.	3	1	1	-	-	3
Ewerby & Evedon.	6	-	1	1	-	1
Great Hale.	8	3	1	1	-	1
Heckington.	33	12	6	13	4	17
Helpringham.	12	3	1	1	-	9
Kirkby la Thorpe.	4	-	1	-	-	3
Leasingham.	7	3	1	1	-	-
Little Hale.	3	1	1	-	-	1
Martin.	15	5	3	2	-	6
Newton & Haccoby.	3	-	1	-	-	-
North Kyme.	8	2	1	1	-	5
North Rauceby.	4	-	-	-	-	1
Osbournby.	10	4	2	-	-	4
Rowston.	3	2	-	-	-	-
Roxholm.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ruskington.	35	12	3	8	1	15
Scopwick.	7	2	2	-	-	2
Scredington.	4	1	1	-	-	-
Silk Willoughby.	3	-	1	-	-	1
South Kyme.	5	1	1	-	-	2
South Rauceby.	5	1	1	1	-	1
Swaton.	4	1	-	-	-	2
Temple Bruer.	1	-	-	-	-	1
Threackingham.	3	1	1	-	-	2
Timberland.	8	1	1	-	-	1
Walcot B.	5	2	1	-	1	3
Walcot F.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Wilsford.	6	2	1	-	-	3
<u>TOTAL.</u>	276	80	46	45	13	124

## FOOD SAMPLING ETC.

Utensil and hand swabs of food workers are taken on occasions and more particularly when it is necessary to use more forceful means of educating food handlers.

Regular sampling of chicken hearts and livers (600 samples in 1963 and 785 in 1962) showed freedom from salmonella and shigella.

Ice lollies sampled during both 1962 and 1963 were all satisfactory and Ice Cream samples were of a similar quality with the exception of one sample taken in 1962 and 1963 but these may have been due to faulty sampling techniques. Owing to long distances to laboratory we now have proper containers and use ice as necessary for the conveyance of such samples.

Sampling of milks for statutory and biological examination are taken frequently with generally satisfactory results. Checks are made to ensure that Brucella infected milks are diverted for, if not already being "heat treated".

Meat products sampled showed a reasonably good standard.

### Dysentery (Sonnei).

An outbreak of sonnei dysentery amongst pupils mainly attending one school was investigated during the year 1963. One of the kitchen staff was proved to be a carrier. 96 faeces samples were submitted for examination and 56 were positive to shigella. A good deal of publicity to parents particularly was given by the Health Inspectors in investigating and controlling this infection.

### Water Sampling.

Regular samples of water from the main supply (Kesteven Water Board) are submitted for examination.

Private supplies are checked and appropriate action taken when the supplies are proved to be unsatisfactory.

### Swimming Pool Waters.

There are no public swimming pools in the area but there are three private pools which visitors or guests of the owners use. Advice on chlorination and the use of simple equipment to check efficiency of chlorination has been given and inspections made to all pools. Checks made have proved satisfactory.



SAMPLING.

	1962:
<u>Water (Public).</u>	
Chemical.	2
<u>Water (Public Supplies).</u>	
Bacteriological.	181
Satisfactory	174
Unsatisfactory.	7
<u>Water (Private Supplies).</u>	
Bacteriological.	10
Satisfactory.	6
Unsatisfactory.	4
<u>Swimming Pool Waters.</u>	4
<u>Milk Samples.</u>	
Biological.	47
Positive - T.B.	-
Positive - Brucella.	1
Statutory.	13
Complied.	13
Unsatisfactory.	-
<u>Ice Cream.</u>	
Grade 1.	12
Grade 2.	-
Grade 3.	-
Grade 4.	1
<u>Ice Lollies.</u>	
Satisfactory.	9
Unsatisfactory.	-
<u>Utensil and equipment swabs.</u>	4
<u>Meat products.</u>	33
<u>Poultry hearts and livers.</u>	785
Flaked Ice (poultry cooling).	4
Cooling waters (poultry cooling).	15
<u>Faeces Samples.</u>	6
Shigella isolated.	1
<u>Sewerage Analysis.</u>	2

SAMPLING.

	1963.
<u>Water (Public).</u>	
Chemical.	-
<u>Water (Public Supplies).</u>	
Bacteriological.	113
Satisfactory.	112
Unsatisfactory.	1
<u>Water (Private Supplies).</u>	
Bacteriological.	13
Satisfactory.	8
Unsatisfactory.	5
<u>Swimming Pool Waters.</u>	4
<u>Milk Samples.</u>	
Biological.	19
Positive - T.B.	-
Positive - Brucella.	1
Statutory.	19
Complied.	18
Unsatisfactory.	1
<u>Ice Cream.</u>	
Grade. 1.	18
Grade. 2.	-
Grade. 3.	1
Grade. 4.	1
<u>Ice Lollies.</u>	
Satisfactory.	12
Unsatisfactory.	-
<u>Utensil and Equipment Swabs.</u>	10
<u>Meat Products.</u>	13
<u>Hand Swabs (Food Handlers).</u>	23
<u>Poultry Hearts and Livers.</u>	600
Flaked Ice (poultry cooling).	1
Cooling Waters (poultry cooling).	2
Cooling Waters - rabbit evisceration.	1
<u>Faeces Samples.</u>	96
Shigella Isolated.	56
<u>Drainage Swabs.</u>	3

### RODENT CONTROL.

The department employs two rodent operators, undertakes treatment of domestic premises free of charge and is available to treat infestations of business and agricultural premises etc. on a rechargeable basis. Poison bait (Warfarin) is also sold at 1/6d. per lb.

Considerable publicity by circular letters to all land owners and occupiers, posters and press and several film shows and brains trusts have been effected during 1962 and 1963. The co-operation of the agricultural population in particular is increasing year by year and the department carry out a considerable amount of treatment work in this sphere.

The dangers of disease carried by rats, particularly "Weil's" disease has been widely publicised by posters, circulars and through the press.

Income derived from sale of bait and rechargeable work is as follows:-

Financial year 1962/3.	£1,249.
Financial year 1963/4.	£1,152

The following figures show the work carried out by the operators. In addition all sewers and a considerable number of sewer dykes were inspected, test baited, treated as required.

The following figures show the extent of infestations of rats and mice observed by your operator during the year 1962, and the measures of control taken by the Local Authority:-

		TYPE OF PROPERTY.				
		Non-Agricultural.			(5) Agricul- tural.	
		(1) Local Authority	(2) Dwelling Houses (inc. Council Houses).	(3) All other (inc. Business Premises).	(4) Total of Cols. (1), (2) & (3).	
I.	Number of properties in Local Authority's District.	61	6,252	906	7,219	1,336
II.	Total number of properties inspected as a result of notification.	20	190	41	251	251
	Number of such properties found to be infested by:-					
	Major	15	30	5	50	73
	<u>Common rat.</u>					
	Minor	5	160	25	190	178
	Major	-	-	2	2	3
	<u>House mouse.</u>					
	Minor	-	-	9	9	14
III.	Total number of properties inspected in the course of survey under the Act.	36	827	89	952	353
	Number of such properties found to be infested by:-					
	Major	20	26	17	63	127
	<u>Common rat.</u>					
	Minor	16	139	24	179	226
	Major	-	-	1	1	4
	<u>House mouse.</u>					
	Minor	-	30	3	33	21
IV.	Total inspections carried out including re-inspections (To be completed only if figures are readily available).	409	2,300	390	4,099	3,020
V.	Number of infested properties (in Sections II, III & IV) treated by the L.A.	56	385	62	503	396
VI.	Total treatments carried out - including re-treatments.	327	459	157	943	891
VII.	Number of notices served under Section 4 of the Act:					
	(a) Treatment	-	2	1	3	4
	(b) Structural Work (i.e. Proofing).	-	-	3	3	-
VIII.	Number of cases in which default action was taken following the issue of a notice under Sec. 4 of the Act.	-	-	-	-	1
IX.	Legal Proceedings.	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Number of "Block" control schemes carried out.	31				



The following figures show the extent of infestations of rats and mice observed by your operator during the year 1963, and the measures of control taken by the Local Authority:-

	TYPE OF PROPERTY.				
	Non-Agricultural.				(5) Agricul- tural.
	(1) Local Authority	(2) Dwelling Houses (inc. Council Houses).	(3) All other (inc. Business Premises).	(4) Total of Cols. (1), (2) & (3).	
Number of properties in Local Authority's District.	32	6,242	922	7,196	1,336
Total number of properties inspected as a result of notification.	-	193	43	236	200
Number of such properties found to be infested by:- Major Common Rat.	-	30	18	48	68
Minor	-	125	12	137	132
House mouse. Major	-	1	1	2	5
Minor	-	27	12	39	40
Total number of properties inspected in the course of survey under the Act.	32	539	67	638	174
Number of such properties found to be infested by:- Major Common Rat.	17	52	11	80	40
Minor	15	250	28	293	111
House mouse. Major	-	4	1	5	4
Minor	3	15	9	27	39
Total inspections carried out - including re-inspections (to be completed only if figures are readily available).	477	1,700	448	2,625	1,981
Number of infested properties (in Sections II, III & IV) treated by the Local Authority.	32	504	68	604	123
Total treatments carried out - including re-treatments. (To be completed only if figures are readily available).	359	495	132	986	619
Number of notices served under Section 4 of the Act:					
(a) Treatment	-	-	6	6	14
(b) Structural Work (i.e. Proofing).	-	2	2	2	2
Number of cases in which default action was taken following the issue of a notice under Section 4 of the Act.	-	-	-	-	-
Legal Proceedings.	-	-	-	-	-
Number of "Block" control schemes carried out.			26		

#### Sewerage Schemes.

Comprehensive sewerage and sewage schemes were in the course of construction for the parishes of Heckington and Great Hale and Leasingham.

#### Drainage.

A considerable amount of the public health inspectors' time is taken up in advising upon proposed drainage works particularly where septic tanks are to be installed, and with the testing of such drains. Progress in connecting to new sewage schemes by owners of properties already connected to existing sewers continues to be slow and there is no doubt that the Local Authority will have to accept the responsibility for carrying out the necessary separation of surface water and foul drainage themselves and at the Authority's expense.

Proceedings were instituted against one previous owner of a dwelling house who had carried out drainage work unsatisfactorily and without notifying the local authority, under the provisions of Section 20 of the Public Health Act, 1961. Thirteen conversions to watercarriage were effected under the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Health Act, 1936, in addition to a substantial number effected under improvement grant legislation.

#### Rag Flock Act.

There are no premises in this Council's area requiring the attention of your Officers under this Act.

#### Smoke Abatement.

Atmospheric pollution gives little concern in this area and no complaints were received by the department during 1962 and 1963 so far as smoke was concerned. We did have complaints of dust emission from a seed dressing factory and appropriate steps were taken to abate the nuisance.

#### Heating Appliances (Fireguards) Act, 1952.

The responsibility for administering the above Act to prohibit the sale or letting of certain heating appliances without an effective fireguard, and regulations made under this Act in 1953, were placed on local authorities. Several inspections have been made in connection with this legislation but no infringements of the Regulations were noticed.

#### Public Vehicles.

No action was necessary during the year in respect of filthy or verminous public vehicles, and as reported in previous years it is pleasing to note that most operators disinfect their vehicles at regular intervals.

#### Canal Boats.

No canal boats are registered with this authority, therefore no action was necessary.

#### Dangerous Structures.

Three dangerous buildings were dealt with under the provisions of the Public Health Acts, 1936 and 1961 during 1962/3.

### Domestic Pests.

During the warmer months frequent requests were made for advice in dealing with ants, and earwigs and wasps invading dwellinghouses, particularly where land had recently been broken up. In numerous instances, particularly in respect of Council houses, your workmen carried out such control measures as were thought appropriate without charge. Similarly in the case of persistent trouble by wasps, when other measures failed the department was willing and able to help with these problems.

### Hairdressing Establishments.

Several such establishments were visited by your Health Officers during the year and advice was given where necessary. It is thought by your Officers that control of these businesses should be effected by adequate legislation.

### Agriculture, Safety, Health and Welfare Provisions Act, 1956.

Survey continued during 1962/3 and enforcement action taken to provide adequate waterclosets at an agricultural holding employing large numbers of labour on bulb culture and packing, etc. Reasonable sanitary facilities are generally available. Over 800 farms inspected with no serious complaint although more use could be made of portable conveniences when gangs are employed.

### Offensive Trades.

Only one established in the district. A large factory in the North of the area and although the processing known as "Fat extraction" is defined as an offensive trade the processes involved at this particular factory are practically innocuous and there is no likelihood of a nuisance being caused.

### Pet Animals Act.

There are only two licensed pet shops in the area both operated satisfactorily.

### Animal Boarding Establishment Act, 1963.

This Act came into operation on the 1st January, 1964. The three establishments concerned were inspected and advised as to the standards to be adopted by the Council.

### National Assistance Act, 1948.

Arrangements were made for the burial of one person in 1963 under Section 50 of the Act.

### Petroleum Acts.

No. of Petroleum Licences on the Register at the end of 1963.	-	129
No. of gallons of Petroleum Spirit stored.	-	151,210

140 comprehensive inspections of petroleum installations and filling stations carried out by Public Health Inspectors and Fire Prevention Officer. A considerable number of contraventions were observed principally in connection with lack of warning signs, unsuitable electric wiring; lack of fire extinguishers and sand and unsatisfactory vent pipes.

Notices were served in respect of all contraventions and considerable improvements have been noticed. It is intended to maintain at least yearly inspections of all such installations. It was found that a substantial number had ceased storing for a variety of reasons and steps were taken to render the disused storage tanks safe.

#### Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

During the year 1963 there were 30 occupied licensed sites in the area. Of these, five sites were for holiday or overnight halt purposes. The total number of caravans involved was 82 residential and 18 holiday caravans.

In addition licences had been granted for a further 59 caravans on 6 different sites but development had not been commenced or completed.

Frequent inspections have been made to secure compliance with site licence conditions.

#### Housing.

Considerable time has been spent by the Public Health Inspectors on housing inspections. The Council's original proposals for slum clearance has virtually been completed and a survey is being undertaken to formulate any future programme but it is not thought that this will incur any major rehousing, many of the properties likely to be dealt with being redundant to farming needs and situated in isolated positions. Rehousing when necessary will be effected by normal relets.

Improvement grants are freely given and house to house inspections are being made in an effort to persuade owners to avail themselves of such grants.



## HOUSING.

During 1962/1963 the following houses were reported to the Council as being unfit for human habitation and incapable of being rendered fit at reasonable expense.

	<u>1962.</u>	<u>1963.</u>
Demolition Orders made.	21	13
Undertakings accepted.	-	-
Houses demolished during year.	53	15
Families rehoused from Slum Clearance.	28	16
Persons rehoused from Slum Clearance.	67	43

### Rent Act, 1957.

Applications for Certificates of Disrepair.	-	-
Certificates granted.	-	-

### Improvement Grants.

<u>Applications.</u>		<u>1962.</u>	<u>1963.</u>
<u>Discretionary.</u>	Grants.	54	44
	Houses.	66	65
	Amount.	£14,950.	£17,687-9-3d.
<u>Standard.</u>	Grants.	12	15
	Houses.	14	17
	Amount.	£946-13-3d.	£1,851-18-10d.

The following new dwellings were constructed in the district.

	<u>1962.</u>	<u>1963.</u>
Council Dwellings.	96	24
Private Dwellings.	45	58

Factories Acts.1. Inspection for purposes of provisions as to Health including inspections made by the Public Health Inspectors, 1959 - 1961.

	Inspections.		No. of written notices.		Occupiers Prosecuted.
	1962.	1963	1962	1963	
Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	27	28	2	3	Nil.
Factories not included above in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	16	20	3	4	Nil.
Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority, but not including outworkers premises.	21	24	4	3	Nil.
<u>TOTAL.</u>	64	72	9	10	

2. Cases in which defects were found.

	Number of defects.		
	Found.		Remedied.
	1962	1963	
Want of Cleanliness.	2	3	5
Overcrowding.	-	-	-
Unreasonable Temperature.	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation.	-	1	1
Ineffective drainage of floors.	-	1	-
Sanitary conveniences:-			
Insufficient.	-	2	-
Unsuitable or defective.	3	4	7
Not separate for sexes.	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act, not including offences relating to outwork.	4	3	7
<u>TOTAL.</u>	9	14	20

1962. 1963.

Referred to H.M. Inspector.	Nil	Nil
Referred by H.M. Inspector.	Nil	2
Number of offences in respect of which prosecutions were instituted.	Nil	Nil

Outworkers.

<u>Nature of work.</u>	<u>No. of out-workers.</u>	<u>No. of cases in which default in sending lists to Council.</u>	<u>No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists.</u>	<u>No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises.</u>	<u>Notices served and prosecutions.</u>
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Curtains and furniture hangings.	1	-	-	-	-
Altering wearing apparel.	1	-	-	-	-

### Public Cleansing.

Domestic refuse and salvage is collected by kerbside collection once weekly in the parishes of Muskington, Billingham, Walcot, Heckington and at Digby Camp and fortnightly in the remainder of the area. The service is extended to about 6,400 premises and approximately 5,000 tons of refuse are disposed of by semi-controlled tipping. In the case of the elderly, infirm and females residing alone the bins are collected and returned to the back door. The service appears to meet the needs of the majority of the inhabitants of the area as evinced by the almost complete lack of complaints. New residents to the area, particularly those who have enjoyed a superior service in the past, voice their objections to a kerbside collection, on occasions most strongly.

The fleet consists of one 18/20 cu. yd. fore and aft tipper, one 30 cu. yd. fore and aft tipper and a 50 cu. yd. pakamatic. Nine men are engaged on the collection and disposal of refuse and mechanical equipment is used for tip maintenance. A.J.C.B. Hydra/Digger Loadall 65 facilitates this work and when not employed fully on local authority work is hired out at 25s. per hour.

The machine realised the following amounts on such private work:--

1962/63.	-	£1,036.
1963/64.	-	£ 750.

Salvage is separated and baled in a modern horizontal baling machine installed in a modern depot. Salvage sales realised the following finance:-

<u>Financial Year.</u>	<u>Waste Paper.</u>	<u>Other Salvage.</u>
1962/63.	£2,264.	£36.
1963/64.	£2,350.	£25.

Cesspool emptying is carried out on request, one free service per annum in respect of domestic properties. Further emptyings of domestic tanks and in respect of septic tanks to business premises, etc. is charged for at the rate of 25s. per hour. Gully emptying is also undertaken on trunk roads and is rechargeable to the Kesteven County Council and Sleaford Urban District Council; 2/6d. per gully each emptying three times per year.

Difficulty is still experienced in the disposal of cesspool contents and no doubt the Council will have to purchase suitable sites for this purpose. Consideration is being given to the construction of specialist disposal works for such effluent.

Protective clothing is adequately provided for all workmen and hand-washing facilities are provided on all refuse and cesspool emptying vehicles.





